THE ENRICO FERMI INSTITUTE

Director
- Emil J. Martinec, Physics

Professors
- Edward Blucher, Physics
- John Eric Carlstrom, Astronomy & Astrophysics
- Cheng Chin, Physics
- Juan Collar, Physics
- Nicolas Dauphas, Geophysical Sciences
- Andrew Davis, Geophysical Sciences
- Henry J. Frisch, Physics
- Lawrence Grossman, Geophysical Sciences
- Jeffrey A. Harvey, Physics
- Craig Hogan, Astronomy & Astrophysics
- Wayne Hu, Astronomy & Astrophysics
- Alexei Khokhlov, Astronomy & Astrophysics
- Young Kee Kim, Physics
- Edward W. Kolb, Astronomy & Astrophysics
- Arieh Königl, Astronomy & Astrophysics
- Andrey Kravtsov, Astronomy & Astrophysics
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- Emil J. Martinec, Physics
- Stephan Meyer, Astronomy & Astrophysics
- Sidney Nagel, Physics
- Angela Olinto, Astronomy & Astrophysics
- Mark J. Oreglia, Physics
- Paolo Privitera, Astronomy & Astrophysics
- Robert Rosner, Astronomy & Astrophysics
- Savdeep Sethi, Physics
- Melvyn Shochet, Physics
- Dam Thanh Son, Physics
- Michael S. Turner, Astronomy & Astrophysics
- Carlos Wagner, Physics
- Yau W. Wah, Physics
- Robert M. Wald, Physics
- Paul B. Wiegmann, Physics

Associate Professors
Fred Ciesla, Geophysical Sciences
Daniel Holz, Physics
Scott Wakely, Physics
Liantao Wang, Physics

Part-Time Faculty
Marcela Carena, Professor of Physics (part-time with Fermilab)
Kwang-Je Kim, Professor of Physics (part-time with Argonne)
Michael Pellin, Professor of Geophysical Sciences (part-time with Argonne)
Guy Savard, Professor of Physics (part-time with Argonne)

Assistant Professors
Luca Grandi, Physics
David W. Miller, Physics
David Schmitz, Physics
Abigail Vieregg, Physics

Emeritus Faculty
Edward Anders, Chemistry
Robert N. Clayton, Chemistry and Geophysical Sciences
James W. Cronin, Astronomy & Astrophysics and Physics
Peter G. O. Freund, Physics
Robert P. Geroch, Physics
Roger H. Hildebrand, Astronomy & Astrophysics and Physics
Leo P. Kadanoff, Physics and Mathematics
Edward James Kibblewhite, Astronomy & Astrophysics
Donald Q. Lamb, Astronomy & Astrophysics
Riccardo Levi-Setti, Physics
Frank S. Merritt, Physics
Dietrich Müller, Physics
Yoichiro Nambu, Physics
Takeshi Oka, Astronomy & Astrophysics and Chemistry
Eugene N. Parker, Astronomy & Astrophysics and Physics
James E. Pilcher, Physics
Jonathan L. Rosner, Physics
John P. Schiffer, Physics
James W. Truran, Astronomy & Astrophysics
S. Courtenay Wright, Physics
Donald G. York, Astronomy & Astrophysics

The Enrico Fermi Institute (http://efi.uchicago.edu) is a Physical Sciences unit of the University devoted to interdisciplinary research. It was founded shortly after the Second World War as the "Institute for Nuclear Studies" and is now named in honor of Enrico Fermi, who was one of the founders and a distinguished member
of the Institute. All faculty members in the Institute hold joint appointments in one or more of the following departments: Physics (http://physics.uchicago.edu), Astronomy and Astrophysics (http://astro.uchicago.edu), Chemistry (http://chemistry.uchicago.edu), Geophysical Sciences (http://geosci.uchicago.edu), and Mathematics (http://math.uchicago.edu). Graduate students and postdoctoral scholars working with these faculty members also hold appointments and perform their research in the Institute.

The experimental disciplines currently being pursued include: high-energy particle physics, high-energy astrophysics, studies of particles and fields in the solar system and in space, infrared and optical astronomy, nuclear cosmochemistry, geochemistry, scanning electron and proton microscopy, and solar energy concentration. Theoretical studies include physics of elementary particles, quantum field theory, theoretical astrophysics and solar physics, plasma physics, cosmology, and general relativity.

The Enrico Fermi Institute provides engineering, technical and administrative support for the academic members and students. It includes a state-of-the-art electronics development group and facilities for mechanical design and construction, as well as computational equipment. Special resources include environmental test equipment, large-scale assembly facilities, computer aided design facilities, etc. This makes possible the design of complex instruments, and the in-house construction of detectors needed for experiments in the laboratory, with high-energy particle accelerators, on high-altitude balloons, and in space on satellites, deep space probes and the space shuttle. Most of the high-energy physics activity is focused on the Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory (http://www.fnal.gov) ("Fermilab"), one hour’s driving distance from the campus, but experiments are also planned and prepared for the LEP/LHC facility at CERN in Geneva, Switzerland. Offices and laboratories for faculty, students, and staff are located in four adjacent buildings, the Laboratory for Astrophysics and Space Research, the High Energy Physics building, the Temporary Astronomy and Astrophysics Center, and the Accelerator Building. The Eckhardt Research Center, which replaces the Research Institutes building that stood at the corner of Ellis and 57th Street for more than 50 years, is scheduled to open in autumn 2015; the ERC will be the new home of the Astronomy and Astrophysics Center. The Kavli Institute for Cosmological Research, now occupying LASR, will also move to the ERC, at which time LASR will undergo a complete renovation and become the new home of the Enrico Fermi Institute.

The Enrico Fermi Institute annually awards Enrico Fermi Postdoctoral Fellowships and McCormick Postdoctoral Fellowships on a worldwide competitive basis to recent Ph.D. recipients in astronomy, chemistry, physics, or planetary sciences. The purpose of these fellowships is to enable young scientists to work either independently or in close association with present members of the Institute in areas of mutual interest. The intellectual life in the Institute is enhanced by frequent visitors, Visiting Scholars and Distinguished Visiting Professors. The Institute also sponsors a popular Saturday morning public lecture series in the autumn and spring quarters, The Arthur H. Compton Lectures.
Chicago Pile No. 1 (CP-1) was constructed in a makeshift laboratory under the grandstands of Stagg Field Stadium on the University of Chicago campus. It was here that Enrico Fermi and his colleagues achieved the first self-sustaining controlled release of nuclear energy on December 2, 1942. In 1965, the site was designated a registered national historic landmark.